

OMRI

Generic Materials List

SUPPLEMENT TO THE 2019 OMRI GENERIC MATERIALS LIST

FALL 2021

Crop Materials

Use Class Coding

Crop production materials are classified by OMRI according to the following use classes:

CF: Crop Fertilizers and Soil Amendments

CP: Crop Pest, Weed, and Disease Control

CT: Crop Management Tools and Production Aids

Updated Categories

Elemental Sulfur

Class: CF

May be used for crop fertility as a soil amendment.

NOP Reference: 205.601(j)(2)

Allowed

Synthetic

January 15, 2020

Elemental Sulfur

Class: CF

Must have at least 99% purity. For use in on-farm generation of sulfurous acid as a soil amendment.

NOP Reference: 205.601(j)(11)

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

January 15, 2020

Elemental Sulfur

Class: CP

For use as plant disease control, or as an insecticide (including acaricide or mite control). For use as slug and snail bait. May only be used if the requirements of 205.206(e) are met, which requires the use of preventive, mechanical, physical, and other pest, weed, and disease management practices.

NOP Reference: 205.206(e), 205.601(e)(5); 205.601(h)(2); 205.601(i)(10)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

Ferric Phosphate

Class: CP

For use as slug and snail bait. May only be used if the requirements of 205.206(e) are met, which requires the use of preventive, mechanical, physical, and other pest, weed, and disease management practices.

NOP Reference: 205.601(h)(1)

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

January 15, 2020

Hypochlorous Acid

(Formerly Electrolyzed Water)

Class: CT

Includes hypochlorous acid generated by electrolyzed water only. Electrolyzed water contains the ingredient hypochlorous acid (HOCl) which is generated from the electrolysis of salt (sodium chloride) in water. See Processing and Handling section for post-harvest use. Residual chlorine levels in the water in direct crop contact (when used pre-harvest) or as water from cleaning irrigation systems applied to the soil should not exceed the maximum residual disinfectant level under the Safe Drinking Water Act (4 mg/L (4ppm) expressed as chlorine, 0.8 mg/L (0.8 ppm) expressed as chlorine dioxide), except that chlorine products may be used in edible sprout production according to EPA label directions. May be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools. No intervening event is necessary before equipment is used in contact with organic crops. See also CHLORINE MATERIALS.

NOP Reference: Guidance 5026; Policy Memo 15-4; 205.601(a)(2)(i)

June 12, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

This addendum reflects all changes made through September 29, 2021. Please use this addendum in conjunction with the 2019 *OMRI Generic Materials List* for the most current information.

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Lignin Sulfonates

Class: CT

Includes these lignosulfonic acids: ammonium lignosulfonate, calcium lignosulfonate, magnesium lignosulfonate, and sodium lignosulfonate. Synthetic lignin sulfonates are prohibited for use as fertilizers. For example, ammonium lignosulfonate is prohibited for use as a nitrogen fertilizer. Formulated products with ammonium lignosulfonate are subject to one of the following criteria: (1) no nitrogen claims are made on the label or (2) if nitrogen claims are made on the label, the nitrogen contribution of the ammonium lignosulfonate to the formulated product is less than 1%. For use as a chelating agent or dust suppressant. See also INERTS, LIST 4

NOP Reference: 205.601(j)(4)

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

April 8, 2021

Polyoxin D Zinc Salt

Class: CP

For plant disease control. May only be used if the requirements of 205.206(e) are met, which requires the use of preventive, mechanical, physical, and other pest, weed, and disease management practices.

NOP Reference: 205.206(e); 205.601(i)(11)

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

January 15, 2020

Tobacco Tea

Class: CP

NOP Reference: 205.602(j)

Prohibited

Nonsynthetic

January 15, 2020

Livestock Materials

Use Class Coding

Materials used in the feeding and care of organic livestock are classified by OMRI in the following use classes:

LF: Livestock Feed Ingredients

LH: Livestock Health Care

LP: Livestock External Parasiticides and Pesticides

LT: Livestock Management Tools and Production Aids

Updated Categories

Acid Activators for Chlorine Dioxide

Class: LT

Must only be used for the generation of chlorine dioxide. Use of resulting chlorine dioxide must comply with 205.603(a)(10)(ii). Chlorine products may be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools (including dairy pipelines and tanks). Residual chlorine levels in the water in direct contact with food products or animals shall not exceed the maximum residual disinfectant limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act (4 mg/L (4ppm) expressed as chlorine, 0.8 mg/L (0.8 ppm) expressed as chlorine dioxide). May be used up to maximum labeled rates for sanitizing equipment or tools. Label instructions should be followed regarding requirements for rinsing or not rinsing prior to the equipment's next use. See also CHLORINE DIOXIDE.

NOP Reference: 205.603(a)(10)(ii)

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic/Nonsynthetic

June 12, 2020

Acid Activators for Sodium Chlorite, Acidified

Class: LH

Acid activators used in the production of acidified sodium chlorite must formulate with allowed excipients. Must only be used for the generation of acidified sodium chlorite. Use of resulting acidified sodium chlorite must comply with 205.603(a)(28) or 205.603(b)(9). See also EXCIPIENTS; SODIUM CHLORITE, ACIDIFIED.

NOP Reference: 205.603(a)(28); 205.603(b)(9); 205.603(f)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic/Nonsynthetic

Chlorine Dioxide

Class: LT

Includes chlorine dioxide generated from a mixture of a chlorite salt (such as calcium or sodium chlorite) and an acid activator. Chlorine products may be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools (including dairy pipelines and tanks). Residual chlorine levels in the water in direct contact with food products or animals shall not exceed the maximum residual disinfectant limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act (4 mg/L (4ppm) expressed as chlorine, 0.8 mg/L (0.8 ppm) expressed as chlorine dioxide). May be used up to maximum labeled rates for sanitizing equipment or tools. Label instructions should be followed regarding requirements for rinsing or not rinsing prior to the equipment's next use. See also CHLORINE MATERIALS; ACID ACTIVATORS FOR CHLORINE DIOXIDE.

NOP Reference: 205.603(a)(10)(ii)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

Formic Acid

Class: LP

For use as a pesticide solely within honeybee hives.

NOP Reference: 205.603(b)(3)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

Hypochlorous Acid

Class: LT

Includes hypochlorous acid generated by electrolyzed water only. Electrolyzed water contains the ingredient hypochlorous acid (HOCl) which is generated from the electrolysis of salt (sodium chloride) in water. Chlorine products may be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools (including dairy pipelines and tanks). Residual chlorine levels in the water in direct contact with food products or animals shall not exceed the maximum residual disinfectant limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act (4 mg/L (4ppm) expressed as chlorine, 0.8 mg/L (0.8 ppm) expressed as chlorine dioxide). May be used up to maximum labeled rates for sanitizing equipment or tools. Label instructions should be followed regarding requirements for rinsing or not rinsing prior to the equipment's next use. See also CHLORINE MATERIALS.

NOP Reference: 205.603(a)(10)(iii)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

Iodine

Class: LP

For use as a topical treatment or external parasiticide.

NOP Reference: 205.603(b)(4)

January 15, 2020

Allowed With Restrictions

Synthetic

Processing Materials

Use Class Coding and Status

Processing and handling materials are classified by OMRI according to the following uses and applications:

- PA: Processing Agricultural Ingredients and Processing Aids
- PN: Processing Nonagricultural Ingredients and Processing Aids
- PP: Processing Pest Controls
- PS: Processing Sanitizers and Cleaners
- PC: Processing Packaging and Containers

Processing agricultural ingredients and processing aids (PA) include organically produced agricultural commodities used as organic ingredients in products labeled as 'organic' under §205.301 and nonorganic agricultural ingredients allowed under §205.606 of the NOP regulations. Section 205.606 further requires that a USDA Accredited Certifying Agent determine that any nonorganically produced agricultural ingredients used are not commercially available in organic form. Agricultural ingredients and processing aids used in processed products labeled as 'organic' must meet the handling standards in §205.270 and the product composition requirements in §205.301.

Agricultural ingredients that are not organically produced may be used in processed products that make the claim, 'made with organic [specific ingredients or food groups]' provided that the content of certified organic agricultural ingredients is a minimum of 70%, excluding water and salt, and that the nonorganic agricultural ingredients are produced and handled without the use of genetic engineering, genetically modified organisms (GMOs), sewage sludge or ionizing radiation.

A certifier should be consulted for information on the determination of commercial availability.

Allowed PA substances are certified organic and may be used as ingredients in a product labeled 'organic,' or identified as an organic ingredient in a processed product labeled as 'made with organic [specific ingredients].' To be used as an ingredient in a processed product labeled as '100% organic,' that ingredient must itself be certified 100% organic. (See §§205.270 and 205.301 of the NOP regulations.)

Allowed with Restrictions PA substances are not certified organic and may be used as ingredients in processed products labeled as 'made with organic [specific ingredients]' provided that: a) those ingredients are not claimed to be organic; b) they are not produced or handled by the use of sewage sludge, genetic engineering, genetically modified organisms (GMOs), or ionizing radiation; c) organic ingredients comprise at least 70% of all ingredients in the product, excluding water and salt; and d) the product is labeled according to §§205.301(c) and 205.304 of the NOP regulations. Products labeled as 'organic' may contain

nonorganically produced agricultural ingredients provided that the final food product contains at least 95% certified organic agricultural ingredients, excluding water and salt, and the certifier determines that the ingredient is not commercially available in an organic form and meets all of the requirements of §§205.301(b), 205.301(f), and 205.606.

Prohibited PA substances are prohibited for use in any processed food product that makes any organic claim as generally defined in §205.105 of the NOP regulations. They include agricultural ingredients that are produced or handled with the use of sewage sludge, genetic engineering (GMOs or excluded methods), or ionizing radiation.

Processing nonagricultural ingredients and processing aids (PN) may be used in processed organic food products labeled as 'organic' (containing 95 percent or more organic ingredients by weight, excluding water and salt) or 'made with organic ingredients' (70 percent or greater organic ingredients). This category includes the nonagricultural substances covered under §205.605 of the NOP regulations and used as food additives and processing aids regardless of whether they are required to be listed as ingredients on the final product label. Use of nonagricultural ingredients and processing aids must meet the organic handling standards at §205.270 of the NOP regulations.

Allowed PN substances may be present in any processed food labeled as 'organic' at up to 5 percent by weight, excluding water and salt.

Allowed with Restrictions PN substances may be used only in certain foods and/or only under the use restrictions set out in §205.605. This group includes a number of food additives and processing aids that are permitted only for specific functions, such as filtering aids.

Prohibited PN substances are prohibited by §205.270. These materials may not be used in or on processed foods labeled as 'organic' or 'made with organic.'

Processing pest controls (PP) are used to disinfect or prevent infestation of stored commodities, prevent postharvest decay, provide pest control in handling facilities, and control damage caused by insects, diseases, rodents and other organisms. Many of these products are EPA regulated pesticides. Use of processing pest controls must meet the facility pest management practice standards at §205.271 of the NOP regulations and comply with all applicable health and food safety laws. Allowed PP substances serve as environmental, mechanical or physical controls—such as traps, lures and repellents—for removal of pests and pest habitat.

Allowed with Restrictions PP substances are 'Allowed with restriction' under §205.605 of the NOP regulations. This group also includes nonsynthetic post-harvest pest control substances which are not otherwise prohibited under §205.602, and

may be used in direct contact with raw agricultural commodities provided they are labeled for such use and are not present as ingredients in the final product. This group also includes facility pest management substances that are consistent with the National List that may be used in accordance with restrictions at §205.271(c). Materials consistent with the National List that may be used in facility pest management include nonsynthetic substances that are not otherwise prohibited under §205.602 and synthetic substances listed in §§205.601, 205.603 or 205.605 in accordance with any restrictions.

Prohibited PP substances include materials that are not permitted on the National List for pest control, or are prohibited by §§205.602 and 205.604. These products otherwise prohibited materials may be used approved by a certifier in accordance with §§205.271(d) or 205.271(f) provided that (a) the processor or handler demonstrates that preventive management techniques, mechanical or physical control, or the use of allowed nonsynthetic or synthetic substances consistent with the National List are not effective; (b) the handler and the certifier agree on the otherwise prohibited substance to be used; and (c) the handler and certifier agree on an application method that prevents the substance used from coming into contact with organic ingredients or products. the certifier agrees on the use and methods of application of the substance in a manner that does not contact organic products or ingredients. OMRI does not review or list facility pest management materials that may be allowed in USDA organic production under §§205.271(d) or 205.271(f). Prohibited PP substances also include synthetic fungicides, preservatives and fumigants used in packaging material as outlined in §205.272.

Processing Sanitizers and Cleaners (PS) are used to remove dirt, filth and foreign matter from food and food handling operations. These materials are also used to control microorganisms that may contaminate food. Use of processing sanitizers and cleaners must meet the organic handling practice standards at §205.270 of the NOP regulations and comply with all applicable health and food safety laws.

Allowed PS substances include materials that may be used on food or food contact surfaces without any restriction or intervening event. These substances must be explicitly listed at §205.605.

Allowed with Restrictions PS substances include cleaners and sanitizers that may be used following restrictions set out in §205.605 of the NOP regulations. If a product includes ingredients that are not permitted by §205.605, contact with organic food must be prevented in accordance with §205.272(a) by a sufficient intervening event such as a hot water rinse or purge. Nonsynthetic substances that are not on §205.605(a) but are not otherwise prohibited or restricted by §205.602 may be used in post-harvest handling of raw agricultural commodities, either on farms or in handling facilities.

Prohibited PS substances are persistent materials that cannot be removed by an intervening event such as a hot water rinse and therefore may not be used on food or food contact surfaces.

Processing Container and Packaging Materials (PC) are used to hold, transport, store and contain organic food. These are food contact substances that are used to make bags, bins, cans and other containers, or to control ripening when placed inside product packaging. OMRI does not have standards for the review of food contact substances other than containers or packaging materials at the present time.

Allowed PC substances include those that protect organic products from contact with prohibited substances and which meet §205.272(b).

Allowed with Restrictions PC substances include packaging materials that may be used following restrictions set out in §205.605.

Prohibited PC substances are packaging materials that contain substances that are prohibited for use in handling organically produced products or organic food ingredients under §205.272(b) of the NOP regulations, such as synthetic preservatives, fungicides and fumigants.

In addition to the NOP regulations for substances used in organic processing and handling, other Federal, State, and local laws and regulations designed to protect food safety and public health apply. The authority of these laws supersedes any organic standards, and organic handlers must comply with all of these other laws. However, requirements of other applicable laws do not provide an exemption for use of prohibited substances. Most of the ingredients and processing aids listed in §205.605 are also under FDA jurisdiction (21 CFR Chapter 1) and are described in the Food Chemicals Codex.

Preventative Pest Management

Prohibited processing and handling pest control materials may not be used by an organic handling operation unless the conditions at §205.271 of the NOP regulations are met. (a) the processor or handler demonstrates that preventive management techniques, mechanical or physical controls, or use of allowed nonsynthetic substances are not effective; (b) the handler and certifier agree on the otherwise prohibited substance to be used; and (c) the control method prevents the control substance used from coming into contact with organic ingredients or products.

Prohibited Practices

All agricultural and nonagricultural ingredients must be produced without the use of genetic engineering, sewage sludge, and ionizing radiation as outlined in §205.105 of the NOP regulations.

Updated Categories

Acid Activators for Chlorine Dioxide **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PS Synthetic/Nonsynthetic
Must only be used for the generation of chlorine dioxide. Use of resulting chlorine dioxide must comply with 205.605(b). See also CHLORINE DIOXIDE.

NOP Reference: 205.605(b)

January 15, 2020

Black Currant Juice Color **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
Must be derived from *Ribes nigrum* L. Must not be produced using synthetic solvents and carrier systems or any artificial preservative. May be used in or on processed products labeled as “organic” only when not commercially available in organic form.

NOP Reference: 205.606(d)(3)

January 15, 2020

Boiler Chemicals, nonvolatile **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PS Synthetic/Nonsynthetic
Nonvolatile boiler chemical additives that do not contact organic products are permitted. Certifiers must review contamination prevention procedures when issuing final approval of this product.

April 8, 2021

Boiler Chemicals, volatile **Allowed**

Class: PS Synthetic/Nonsynthetic
Volatile substances appearing on the National List at §205.605(a) or §205.605(b) are permitted as boiler chemical additives if they also meet any further National List annotations.

NOP Reference: 205.605(a); 205.605(b)

April 8, 2021

Chlorine Dioxide **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PS Synthetic, Nonagricultural
Includes chlorine dioxide generated from a mixture of a chlorite salt (such as calcium or sodium chlorite) and an acid activator. May be used in direct contact with post-harvest crop or food at levels approved by the FDA or the EPA for such a purpose. Such use must include a final rinse and residual chlorine levels in final rinse water shall not exceed the Maximum Residual Disinfectant Limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act, except that a final rinse is not required for use in FSIS inspected egg breaking facilities. When used as disinfectants and sanitizers for food contact surfaces, may be used up to maximum labeled rates and rinsing is not required unless mandated by the label use directions. May be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools. No intervening event is necessary before equipment is used in organic production. See also CHLORINE MATERIALS; ACID ACTIVATORS FOR CHLORINE DIOXIDE.

NOP Reference: 205.605(b); Guidance 5026; Policy Memo 14-2

January 15, 2020

Collagen Gel **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PN Synthetic
From nonorganic sources. For use as casing. May be used in or on processed products labeled as “organic” only when not commercially available in organic form.

NOP Reference: 205.605(b)

September 29, 2021

Cornstarch (native) **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PA Agricultural
Nonsynthetic (unmodified) sources only. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as “Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s)).” May be used in or on processed products labeled as “organic” only when not commercially available in organic form.

NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(s)(1)

January 15, 2020

Fumigants **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PP Synthetic, Nonagricultural
OMRI does not review or list facility pest management materials that fall under paragraphs 205.271(d) or (f). Shall not make contact with food or ingredients. Pest control materials required by Federal, State or local laws and regulations are permitted, provided contact with organic ingredients or products is prevented. For use as a pesticide, only in conjunction with the facility pest management practices provided for in paragraphs 205.271(a), (b) and (c), and only if those practices are not effective to prevent or control pests alone. A certifier must approve all use of such substances, which must be referenced in the Organic System Plan.

NOP Reference: 205.271(d); 205.271(f)

June 12, 2020

Fungicides **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PP Synthetic/Nonsynthetic
Must be composed of nonsynthetic or synthetic substances consistent with the National List. For use as a pesticide only in conjunction with the facility pest management practices provided for in paragraphs 205.271(a) and (b) and only if those practices are not effective to prevent or control pests alone. For use in post-harvest handling of raw agricultural commodities.

NOP Reference: 205.271(c); 205.605; Guidance 5023

April 8, 2021

Fungicides **Prohibited**

Class: PP Synthetic
All synthetic fungicides that are not explicitly allowed or restricted for fungicidal use are prohibited in packaging materials and storage containers or bins. This includes fumigants and fungicide impregnated papers used in packaging. Synthetic and nonsynthetic fungicides that are not explicitly listed on the National List for use as fungicides are restricted. See Glossary for definition of “fungicide.” See also CARDBOARD, FUNGICIDE IMPREGNATED; PACKAGING MATERIALS.

NOP Reference: 205.272(b)(1)

June 12, 2020

Guar Gum **Allowed With Restrictions**

Class: PA Agricultural
Must be water extracted. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation. May be used in or on processed products labeled as “organic” only when not commercially available in organic form. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as “Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s)).” See also GUMS, VEGETABLE.

NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(c); 205.301(f); 205.606(i)

January 15, 2020

Gum Arabic
Class: PA
Must be water extracted. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as "Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))." May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form. See also GUMS, VEGETABLE.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(i)

January 15, 2020

Hypochlorous Acid
Class: PS
Includes hypochlorous acid generated by electrolyzed water only. Electrolyzed water contains the ingredient hypochlorous acid (HOCl) which is generated from the electrolysis of salt (sodium chloride) in water. May be used in direct contact with post-harvest crop or food at levels approved by the FDA or the EPA for such a purpose. Such use must include a final rinse and residual chlorine levels in final rinse water shall not exceed the Maximum Residual Disinfectant Limit under the Safe Drinking Water Act, except that a final rinse is not required for use in FSIS inspected egg breaking facilities. When used as disinfectants and sanitizers for food contact surfaces, may be used up to maximum labeled rates and rinsing is not required unless mandated by the label use directions. May be used up to maximum labeled rates for disinfecting and sanitizing equipment or tools. No intervening event is necessary before equipment is used in organic production. See also CHLORINE MATERIALS.
NOP Reference: 205.605(b); Guidance 5026; Policy Memo 15-4 and 14-2

January 15, 2020

Locust Bean Gum
Class: PA
Must be water extracted. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as "Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))." May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form. See also GUMS, VEGETABLE.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(c); 205.301(f); 205.606(i)

January 15, 2020

Magnesium Chloride
Class: PN
NOP Reference: 205.105(c)

January 15, 2020

Magnesium Chloride
Class: PN
NOP Reference: 205.605(a)

January 15, 2020

Nigari
Class: PN
The double salts of magnesium chloride and magnesium sulfate extracted from seawater, known commonly as nigari or bittern. See also MAGNESIUM SULFATE.
NOP Reference: 205.605(a)

January 15, 2020

Nori
Class: PA
Porphyra spp. Including *crispata*, *perforata*, *suborbiculata*, and *tenera* as cited in 21 CFR 184.1121. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation. See Glossary for definition of "nori." May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form. Nonorganic nori may be used only as a thickener and dietary supplement. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as "Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))." See also KELP.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(c); 205.301(f); 205.606(k)

January 15, 2020

Pullulan
Class: PN
For use only in tablets and capsules for dietary supplements labeled "made with organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))."
NOP Reference: 205.605(a)

September 29, 2021

Purple Sweet Potato Juice Color
Class: PA
Must be derived from *Ipomoea batatas L.* or *Solanum tuberosum L.* Must not be produced using synthetic solvents and carrier systems or any artificial preservative. May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.606(d)(14)

January 15, 2020

Rodenticides
Class: PP
OMRI does not review or list facility pest management materials that fall under 205.271(d) or 205.271(f). Shall not make contact with food or ingredients. Pest control materials required by Federal, State or local laws and regulations are permitted, provided contact with organic ingredients or products is prevented. For use as a pesticide, only in conjunction with the facility pest management practices provided for in paragraphs 205.271(a), (b) and (c), and only if those practices are not effective to prevent or control pests alone. A certifier must approve all use of such substances, which must be referenced in the Organic System Plan. See also VITAMIN D3.
NOP Reference: 205.271(d); 205.271(f)

June 12, 2020

Seaweed, Pacific Kombu
Class: PA
Nonorganic agricultural ingredients must be produced and handled without the use of sewage sludge, excluded methods (GMOs) or ionizing radiation and must not be claimed to be organic. Nonorganic agricultural ingredients may only be used in processed products labeled as "Made with Organic (specified ingredients or food group(s))." May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form. See also AGRICULTURAL INGREDIENTS.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(r)

January 15, 2020

Sulfuric Acid **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PS Synthetic, Nonagricultural
For use as a cleaner or sanitizer provided that measures are taken to prevent contact with organically produced products or ingredients.
NOP Reference: 205.105
June 12, 2020

Sweet Potato Starch **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
For bean thread production only. May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(s)(2)
January 15, 2020

Tamarind Seed Gum **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.606(t); 205.301(b); 205.301(f)
April 8, 2021

Tragacanth Gum **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Agricultural
May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(t)
January 15, 2020

Turkish Bay Leaves **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(u)
January 15, 2020

Wakame Seaweed **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
Undaria pinnatifida. May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(v)
January 15, 2020

Whey Protein Concentrate **Allowed With Restrictions**
Class: PA Nonsynthetic, Agricultural
May be used in or on processed products labeled as "organic" only when not commercially available in organic form.
NOP Reference: 205.301(b); 205.301(f); 205.606(w)
January 15, 2020